* About 56% of people’s mother tongue was Bangla
* 6% spoke Urdu
* 6-7 September 1947, youth worker of EP held a conference in Dhaka (first time demanding Bangla as a sate language)
* 15 September 1947, Tamaddun Maglish publish a booklet on language movement “Pankistaner Rastrobhasa Bangla na Urdu”
* In October Tamaddun Majlish formed **Rastrabhasa Songram Parishad** establish
* In December 1947, in Karachi, Decision on making Urdu the only sate language was made\_\_Student of Dhaka University protested and demanded to make Bangla also the sate language of Pakistan
* 2nd March 1948, Rastrobhasa Songram Parisodh was establish\_\_called a general strike on March 11th. Banggo was banged and 11th March was declared as **Bangla Language demand Day**
* In 21 March Muhammad Ali Jinnah visited Dhaka and told in Carzon Hall “**Urdu and Urdu shall be the only sate language of Pakistan**”
* In 1948 the introduction on Arabic script for writing Bangla language
* 9th March 1949, Government of East Pakistan formed **Purbo Bangla Bhasha Committee** for reforming Banggali language
* In **September 1950**, in the assembly decided to make Urdu only sate language but postponed because of strong protest
* In 27th January 1952, Kwaja Najimuddin repeated the same words that fulled the people of East Pakistan and they called for Hartal through out the province
* On 31st January 1952, **All Part Central Language Committee** was formed and decided to call a strike on 21st February 1952 and observe it as the state language day
* Nurul Amin feared for the student and imposed section 144 and banned any kind of public gathering
* On 21st February student of Dhaka University organized a protest defying section 144
* 22 February “Gayebi Janaza” and 12 feet hight Shahid Minar, in front of DMC which was demolised in 24th February
* Afte continuted unrest protest and widespread protest, on 7th May the assembly granted Bangla as a state language

**The Afteramath**

* Landslide victory in provincial election in 1954
* Constitutional movement in 1956
* Educational movement in 1962
* Six point movement in 1966
* Mas-uprising in 1969
* Grate victory in 1971